NEW YORK—AFAR, the American Federation for Aging Research, has been selected by the National Institute on Aging (NIA) as the first Nathan Shock Centers for Excellence in the Biology of Aging Coordinating Center. The NIA is one of the 27 Institutes and Centers of the National Institutes of Health (NIH), and its six Nathan Shock Centers of Excellence in the Basic Biology of Aging provide leadership and technical support in the pursuit of basic research into the biology of aging. As the Coordinating Center, AFAR has received first-year funding of $444,018 with a total of $1.3 million expected over a three-year award period.

“As the premier non-profit organization dedicated to advancing healthy aging through biomedical research, AFAR is immensely honored to help strengthen the NIA’s respected Nathan Shock Centers program,” says Stephanie Lederman, Executive Director of AFAR. “AFAR will tap its experience to strengthen the functionality and visibility of the core work performed by the six innovative centers across the country.”

“Understanding the biology of aging and its relationship to disease lies at the core of AFAR’s mission, says Ms. Lederman. “While advances in medicine have increased life expectancy, understanding the biology of aging and its vital role and impact on health as we age has been greatly underestimated. In fact, aging is the main factor leading to the development of a great number of diseases, ranging from cancer and dementia to heart disease. From AFAR’s perspective, in-depth understanding of the biology of aging can lead to forestalling and even preventing many of these aging-related diseases and increase both longevity and the quality of life for millions. The research conducted at Nathan Shock Centers is undertaken to make strides in developing treatments to slow or prevent the progress of age-related diseases.”

Probing the biological processes of aging opens new doors to addressing multiple chronic diseases concurrently by understanding how cells regulate themselves, and how the molecular mechanisms underlying the processes of aging are called into play in the development of virtually any disease.

As the Nathan Shock Centers Coordinating Center, AFAR will help the Centers coordinate their activities more efficiently, as well as communicate the capabilities and achievements of the individual Centers to other aging researchers and the general public. AFAR will help enhance the Centers’ external communication with the lay public, expand information resources, and serve as a scientific exchange forum among the sites, as well as work with Center directors to develop and implement data quality control and sharing between centers and with the scientific community at large.

“The Nathan Shock Centers provide a valuable focus within the field of aging biology. A national coordination center will enhance their efforts to reach out to the broader research community,” notes NIA Director Dr. Richard J. Hodes. “As the first Coordinating Center, AFAR will provide an administrative structure and significant experience in reviewing and administering grant programs, organizing professional meetings, and providing information to the scientific and lay audiences.”

AFAR brings extensive, active connections with top researchers throughout the field. Having served as a coordinating center to 28 academic centers of excellence in geriatric medicine for more than twenty years, AFAR is poised to facilitate synergies between the Shock Centers’ basic investigators and more clinically oriented investigators.

The AFAR leadership team includes: Scientific Director Steven N. Austad, PhD; Executive Director Stephanie Lederman; and Deputy Executive Director and Director of Grant Programs Odette van der Willik. Dr. David Allison, Distinguished Professor and Quetelet Endowed Professor of Public Health at the University of Alabama at Birmingham and Associate Director of UAB’s NSC, known for his quantitative and statistical contributions to the field, will work with the AFAR team and NSC directors to develop and implement data sharing between Centers and with the scientific community at large.
About the Nathan Shock Centers and the Goal of the Program:
The Division of Aging Biology (DAB) of the NIA funds Nathan Shock Centers of Excellence in the Basic Biology of Aging across the U.S. The Centers provide leadership in the pursuit of basic research into the biology of aging. They do so through a Research Development Core, which administers a small pilot grants program, and organizes national biennial annual meetings to highlight specific areas of research. In addition, each Nathan Shock Center has several specialized cores that provide services to Shock Center members, as well as for-fee services to the community at large. The cores are different in each Center, depending on the strengths of each Institution.

There are currently 6 Nathan Shock Centers of Excellence in the Basic Biology of Aging:
• The Jackson Laboratory
• University of Texas Health Sciences Center San Antonio
• University of Washington
• Albert Einstein College of Medicine
• University of Oklahoma Health Science Center
• University of Alabama at Birmingham

Learn more about the Nathan Shock Centers of Excellence here.

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About AFAR

The American Federation for Aging Research (AFAR) is a national non-profit organization whose mission is to support and advance healthy aging through biomedical research. Founded in 1981, AFAR has championed the cause and supported the funding of science in healthier aging and age-related medicine. To address the shortage of physicians and researchers dedicated to the science of healthier aging, AFAR funds physicians and scientists probing the fundamental mechanisms of aging, as well as specific diseases associated with aging populations at critical points throughout their careers. AFAR engages the public through webinars, conferences and our online resource, InfoAging, featuring over two dozen downloadable guides, edited by guest experts on topics ranging from theories of aging, age-related conditions, healthy lifestyle tips, and more. Learn at www.afar.org or follow AFAR.org on Twitter and Facebook.